[SEPTEMBER, MDCCLXVII.] [NUMB. 91.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By His Excellency the Right Honourable Lord CHARLES-GREVILLE MONTAGU, *Captain-General, Governor and Commander in Chief, in and over His Majeſty's ſaid Province, and Vice-Admiral of the ſame.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS ſeveral Murders and Houſe Robberies, have lately been committed in the interior Parts of this Province, ſituated between ORANGEBURGH, and the RIDGE, by a Set of daring and atrocious Villains, who have aſſociated themſelves, and in open Defiance of Law and Authority, do go in Numbers, with Fire-Arms, up and down the Country, perpetrating ſuch daring Crimes, whereby the Lives and Properties of his Majeſty's liege and faithful Subjects in thoſe Parts are hourly endangered, and they themſelves held in continual Dread and Terror: In order therefore, to bring ſuch atrocious Offenders to condign Puniſhment, and to preſerve the Peace of the Settlement, and the Lives and Properties of His Majeſty's Subjects there reſiding; I HAVE THOUGHT FIT, by the Advice of His Majeſty's Honourable Council, to Iſſue this my PROCLAMATION, hereby offering a Reward of THIRTY POUNDS PROCLAMATION MONEY, to any Perſon or Perſons, who ſhall apprehend and bring to the Common Goal in *Charles-Town*, any of the Perſons who have been the Principals in any of the Murders and Robberies committed in the Weſtern Parts of this Province, for each Perſon ſo apprehended and brought to Goal. AND I DO hereby, ſtrictly enjoin and require all Juſtices, Conſtables, Peace-Officers, and others His Majeſty's liege Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting in bringing them to Juſtice.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Charles-Town, *this Twenty firſt Day of* Auguſt, *Anno Domini* 1767, *and in the Seventh Year of His Majeſty's Reign.*

C. G. MONTAGU.

By His Excellency's Command,
JOHN BULL, *pro Secr.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of Common Pleas, begun and holden at Charles-Town, on the 11th Day of Auguſt, Inſtant, *Thomas Pike*, *Stephen Mazyck*, jun. *Jonathan Drake*, and *Thomas Frierſon*, being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as Jurors at the ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for non-appearance. THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the ſaid Defaulters will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS, Proclamation Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes upon Oath, for their non-appearance, on or before the firſt Tueſday in October next.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 19, 1767.

ATKINS and WESTON,

Have imported from Briſtol, *in the Ship* Lloyd, *Capt.* Pocock, A Choice Quantity of NEGRO CLOTH, with Nails, Iron Pots, &c. which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable Terms at their Stores in Charles-Town and Stono.

(By particular DESIRE)
On MONDAY, AUGUST *the* 31*ſt*, 1767.

AN EVENING SCHOOL will be opened, by the teacher of the YOUTH educated by the SOUTH-CAROLINA SOCIETY, who intends to limit himſelf to a very moderate Number, the more effectually to give Satisfaction, without boaſting: He thinks himſelf happy in the Approbation of many Gentlemen and Ladies that have employed and recommended him, during five Years School-keeping here, and chearfully relies on a Continuance of their favourable Protection; as they may be aſſured, every endeavour that forty Years Experience of a regular-bred LONDON MERCHANT can dictate, ſhall be faithfully applied to Qualify his Students for Buſineſs, expeditiouſly and properly.——He Thanks his good Friends for all Favours, and hopes to approve himſelf an uſeful humble Servant of the Public, by opening and enlarging the human Underſtanding, and ſtoring the young Mind with a compleat Syſtem of ſolid uſeful Science.

OSBORNE STRATON.

N. B. My Rules, Orders, and Plan of Education, are tabulated and hung up in my Academy on the Green, near the Weſt End of Broad Street.

DAVIES & WAYNE,
Of CHARLES-TOWN;

HAVING aſſigned over to me, in Behalf of their Creditor in England, their Books, Bonds, Notes, Accounts, and other Effects: I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THEREOF, and adviſe all Perſons whatſoever indebted to them, to ſettle with me, and pay their Debts, as I am determined to put every ſuch Debt in ſuit as faſt as I can make them out.

I alſo give the ſame Notice to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, and THOMPSON and HUNTER, deceaſed, late Merchants of this Province.

6 m. ROBERT RAPER.

THESE are to forewarn all perſons from crediting any one in my name, without a written order from JOHN or MARY KESSON.

A LETTER *from Mr.* WILKES, *to his Grace the Duke of* G******.

PARIS, December 12, 1766.

MY LORD,

I AM not yet recovered from the aſtoniſhment into which I was thrown by your Grace's *verbal* meſſage, in anſwer to my letter of the firſt of November. In a converſation I had with Colonel F——, at the Hotel d'Eſpagne, he did me the honor of aſſuring me, that I ſhould find his brother my real and ſincere friend, extremely deſirous to concur in doing me juſtice; that he was to tell me this from your Grace, but that many intereſting particulars relative to me could not be communicated by letter, nor by the poſt. I fondly believed theſe obliging aſſurances, becauſe on a variety of occaſions your Grace had teſtified a full approbation of my conduct, had thanked me in the moſt flattering terms as the perſon the moſt uſeful to the common cauſe in which we were embarked, and had ſhewn an uncommon zeal to ſerve a man who had ſuffered ſo much in the cauſe of Liberty.

I returned to England with the gayeſt and the moſt lively hopes. As ſoon as I arrived at London, I deſired my excellent friend, Mr. Fitzherbert, to wait on your Grace, with every profeſſion of regard on my part, and the reſolution I had taken of entirely ſubmitting the mode of the application I ſhould make to the Throne for my pardon. I cannot expreſs the anxiety which your Grace's anſwer gave me, *Mr. Wilkes muſt write to Lord* ——. I then begged Mr. Fitzherbert to ſtate the reaſons, which made it impoſſible for me to follow the advice, from every principle of honour, both public and private. I ſhewed too the impropriety of ſupplicating a fellow ſubject for mercy, the *Prerogative* good Kings are the moſt jealous of, by far the brighteſt jewel in their crown, and the attribute, by which they may the neareſt approach to the Divinity.

I afterwards wrote the letter to your Grace, which I have ſeen in all the public prints. I received no other anſwer but a *verbal* meſſage, *Mr. Wilkes muſt write to Lord* ——; *I do nothing without Lord* ——. When I found that my pardon was to be bought with the ſacrifice of my honour, I had the virtue not to heſitate. I ſpurned at the propoſal, and left my dear native London with a heart full of grief that my faireſt hopes were blaſted, of humiliation, that I had given an eaſy faith to the promiſes of a Miniſter and a Courtier, and of aſtoniſhment that a Nobleman of parts and diſcernment could continue in an infatuation, from which the conduct of Lord —— had recovered every other man in the nation. He was indeed long the favourite character of our countrymen. Every tongue was wanton in his praiſe. The whole people laviſhed on him their choiceſt favours, and endeavoured, by the nobleſt means, by an unbounded generoſity and confidence, to have kept him virtuous. With what anguiſh were we at laſt undeceived! How much it coſt us to give up a man, who had ſo long entirely kept poſſeſſion of our hearts! How equel was the ſtruggle! But, alas! How is he changed? how fallen? from what height fallen? His glorious Sun is ſet, I believe never to riſe again.

We long hoped, my Lord, that public virtue was the *guide* of his actions, and the love of our country his ruling paſſion, but he has fully ſhewn *omnis vis virtuſque in lingua ſita eſt.* Our hearts glowed with gratitude for the important ſervices he had done againſt the common enemy, and the voice of the nation hailed him our deliverer; but private ambition was all the while ſkulking behind the ſhield of the Patriot, and at length, in an evil hour, made him quit the ſcene of all his glory, the only place in which he could be truly uſeful, for a retreat, where he knew it was impoſſible the confidence of the people could follow, but where he might, in inglorious eaſe, bear his BLUSHING *honours thick upon him.*

I might now, my Lord, expoſtulate with your Grace on a *verbal* meſſage, and of ſuch a nature, in anſwer to a letter couched in the moſt decent and reſpectful terms, coming too from a late member of the legiſlature. I might regret, that the largeſt proffers of friendſhip and real ſervice, could mean no more than two or three words of cold advice, that I ſhould apply to another. I might be tempted to think it a duty of office in the firſt L—— of the —— to have ſubmitted to his Majeſty, a petition relative to the exerciſe of the *nobleſt Act of Regal Power, which any Conſtitution can give any Sovereign.* Surely, my Lord, my application to the firſt C—— of the ——, who is always conſidered as the firſt Miniſter in England, was the very proper application. As I had made no diſcovery of any new wonderful pill or drop, nor pretended to the ſecret of curing the gout or tooth-ache, I never thought of ſoliciting Lord —— *for a Privy Seal.* His Lordſhip's office was neither important nor reſponſible. I will not however enlarge on this, but I ſhall deſire your Grace's permiſſion fully to ſtate what has happened to me as a private Gentleman relative to Lord ——, becauſe I would not leave a doubt concerning the propriety of my conduct, in a mind naturally ſo candid, and ſo capable of judging truly, as that of the Duke of G——.

I believe that the flinty heart of Lord —— has known the ſweets of private friendſhip, and the fine feelings of humanity, as little as even Lord ——. They are both formed to be admired, not beloved. A proud, inſolent, overbearing, ambitious man, is always full of the ideas of his own importance, and vainly imagines himſelf ſuperior to the equality neceſſary among real friends, in all the moments of true enjoyment. Friendſhip is too pure a pleaſure for a mind cankered with ambition, or the luſt of power and grandeur. Lord —— declared in Parliament the ſtrongeſt attachment to Lord Temple, one of the greateſt characters our country could ever boaſt, and ſaid *He would live and die with his noble brother.* He has received obligations of the firſt magnitude from that *noble brother*, yet what trace of gratitude or of friendſhip was ever found in any part of his conduct? and has he not now declared the moſt open variance, and even hoſtility? I have had as warm and expreſs declarations of regard as could be made by this marble-hearted friend, and Mr. P—— had no doubt his views in even feeding me with flattery from time to time; on occaſions too where candour and indulgence were all I could claim. He may remember the compliments he paid me on two certain Poems in the year 1754. If we were to take the declarations made by himſelf and the late Mr. Potter *a la Lettre*, they were more charmed with thoſe verſes after the ninety-ninth reading than after the firſt; ſo that from this circumſtance, as well as a few of his ſpeeches in Parliament, it ſeems to be likewiſe true of the firſt Orator, or rather the firſt Comedian of our age, *non diſplicuiſſe illi jocos, ſed non contigiſſe.*

I will now ſubmit to your Grace, if there was not ſomething peculiarly baſe and perfidious in Mr. P——'s calling me a *Blaſphemer of my God* for thoſe very verſes, at a time when I was abſent, and dangerous ill from an affair of honour. The charge too he knew was falſe, for the whole ridicule of thoſe two pieces was confined to certain myſteries, which formerly the *unplaced and unpenſioned* Mr. P—— did not think himſelf obliged even to affect to believe. He adds another charge equally unjuſt, that I was the *Libeller of my King*, though he was ſenſible that I never wrote a ſingle line diſreſpectful to the ſacred perſon of my Sovereign, but had only attacked the deſpotiſm of his Miniſters, with the ſpirit becoming a good ſubject, and zealous friend of his Country. The reaſon of this perfidy was plain. He was then beginning to pay homage to the Scottiſh Idol, and I was the moſt acceptable ſacrifice he could offer at the ſhrine of B——. Hiſtory ſcarcely gives ſo remarkable a change. He was a few years ago the mad, ſeditious tribune of the people, inſulting his Sovereign even in his capital city; now he is the abject, crouching deputy of the proud Scot, who he declared in Parliament *wanted Wiſdom, and held Principles incompatible with Freedom*; a moſt rediculous character ſurely for a Statesman, and the ſubject of a free kingdom; but the very proper compoſition for a Favourite. Was it poſſible for me after this to write a ſuppliant letter to Lord ——? I am the firſt to pronounce myſelf moſt unworthy of a pardon, if I could have obtained it on thoſe terms.

Although I declare, my Lord, that the conſcious pride of virtue makes me look down with contempt on a man who could be guilty of this baſeneſs, who could in the lobby declare that I muſt be ſupported, and in the houſe on the ſame day deſert and revile me, yet I will on every occaſion do juſtice to the Miniſter. He has ſerved the public in all thoſe points, where the good of the nation coincided with his own private views; and in no other. I venerate the memory of the Secretary, and I think it an honour to myſelf that I ſteadily ſupported in Parliament an Adminiſtration, the moſt ſucceſsful we ever had, and which carried the glory of the nation to the higheſt pitch in every part of the world. He found his country almoſt in deſpair. He raiſed the noble ſpirit of England, and ſtrained every nerve againſt our enemies. His plans, when in power, were always great, though in direct oppoſition to the declarations of his whole life, when out of power. The invincible bravery of the Britiſh troops gave ſucceſs even to the moſt raſh, the moſt extravagant, the moſt deſperate of his projects. He ſaw early the hoſtile intentions of Spain, and if the *written Advice* had been followed, a very few weeks had then probably cloſed the laſt general war; altho' the merit of that *Advice* was more the merit of his *noble Brother*, than his own. After the omnipotence of Lord B——, in 1761, had forced Mr. P—— to retire from his Majeſty's councils, and the cauſe was declared by himſelf to be our conduct relative to Spain, I had the happineſs of ſetting that affair in ſo clear and advantageous a light, that he expreſſed the moſt entire ſatisfaction, and particular obligations to my friendſhip. I do not however make this a claim of merit to Mr. P——, it was my duty, from the peculiar advantages of information I then had.

The conſtitution of our country has no obligations to him: He has left it with all its beauties, and all its blemiſhes: He never once appeared in earneſt about any queſtion of Liberty: He was the cauſe, that in 1764 no point was gained for the Publick in the two great queſtions of GENERAL WARRANTS and the SEIZURE OF PAPERS. The curſed remains of the Court of Star-Chamber, the enormous power of the Attorney-General, the ſole great judical Officer of the Crown, who is *durante bene placito*, and not upon oath, who tramples on *Grand Juries*, and breaks down the firſt, the foremoſt barriers of Liberty, continued during his adminiſtration the ſame as before. Every grievance, which was not rooted out by the glorious Revolution, and the latter ſtruggles of our Patriots, ſtill ſubſiſt in full force, notwithſtanding the abſolute power he exerciſed for ſeveral years over every department of the State. But I have done with Lord ——; I leave him to the poor conſolation of a place, a penſion, and a peerage, for which he has ſold the confidence of a great nation. Pity ſhall find and weep over him.

I am now, my Lord, once more driven from the Romans to the gay polite Athenians; but I ſhall endeavour to conq

vince your Grace, that I am not totally loſt to my Country nor to myſelf, in this ſcene of elegant diſſipation, and that I do not waſte the time in unavailing complaints of my hard fate, and the ingratitude of thoſe I have ſerved with ſucceſs; for I ſhall very ſoon beg to call the publick attention to ſome points of national importance, and in the mean time I ſhall embrace this opportunity of doing myſelf juſtice againſt the calumnies, which a reſtleſs faction does not ceaſe to propagate.

The affair of the GENERAL WARRANT, and the HABEAS CORPUS, is told very unfaithfully, and almoſt every particular, relative to my being made a priſoner, and ſent to the Tower on the 30th of April, 1763, has been injuriouſly miſrepreſented in ſeveral late publications. I ſhall therefore ſtate the tranſactions of that memorable day, and I may appeal to the minutes taken at the time for the accuracy of this relation.

On my return from the city early in the morning, I met at the end of Great George-ſtreet one of the King's Meſſengers. He told me that he had a *Warrant* to apprehend me, which he muſt execute immediately, and that I muſt attend him to Lord Halifax's. I deſired to ſee the *Warrant*. He ſaid it was *againſt the Authors, Printers, and Publiſhers of the North Briton*, No. 45, and that his verbal orders were to arreſt Mr. Wilkes. I told him the *Warrant* did not reſpect me: I adviſed him to be very civil, and to uſe no violence in the ſtreet, for, if he attempted force, I would put him to death in the inſtant; but, if he would come quietly to my houſe, I would convince him of the illegality of the *Warrant*, and the injuſtice of the orders he had received. He choſe to accompany me home, and then produced the *General Warrant*. I declared that ſuch a *Warrant* was abſolutely illegal and void in itſelf, that it was a ridiculous *Warrant* againſt the whole Engliſh nation, and I aſked why he would ſerve it on me, rather than on the Lord Chancellor, on either of the Secretaries, on Lord Bute, or Lord Corke, my next door neighbour? The anſwer was, *I am to arreſt Mr. Wilkes.* About an hour afterwards, two other Meſſengers arrived, and ſeveral of their aſſiſtants. They all endeavoured in vain to perſuade me to accompany them to Lord Halifax's. I had likewiſe many civil meſſages from his Lordſhip to deſire my attendance. My only anſwer was, that I had not the honour of viſiting his Lordſhip, and this firſt application was rather rude and ungentleman-like.

While ſome of the Meſſengers and their aſſiſtants were with me, Mr. Churchill came into the room. I had heard that their *verbal* orders were likewiſe to apprehend him, but I ſuſpected they did not know his perſon, and by preſence of mind I had the happineſs of ſaving my friend. As ſoon as Mr. Churchill entered the room, I accoſted him, *Good morrow Mr. Thomſon. How does Mrs. Thomſon do to day? Does ſhe dine in the country?* Mr. Churchill thanked me, ſaid ſhe then waited for him, that he only came for a moment to aſk me how I did, and almoſt directly took his leave. He went home immediately, ſecured all his papers, and retired into the country. The Meſſengers never could get intelligence where he was. The following week he came to town, and was preſent both the days of hearing at the Court of Common Pleas.

The whole morning paſſed in meſſages between Lord Halifax and me. The buſineſs of the Meſſengers being ſoon publickly known, ſeveral of my friends came to me on ſo extraordinary event. I deſired two or three of them to go to the Court of COMMON PLEAS, to make affidavit of my being made a priſoner in my own houſe under an illegal *Warrant*, and to demand the HABEAS CORPUS. The Chief Juſtice gave orders that it ſhould iſſue immediately.

A Conſtable came afterwards with ſeveral aſſiſtants to the Meſſengers. I repeatedly inſiſted on their all leaving me, and I declared I would not ſuffer any one of them to continue in the room againſt my conſent, for I knew and would ſupport the rights of an Engliſhman in the ſanctuary of his own houſe. I was then threatened with immediate violence, and a regiment of the guards, if neceſſary. I ſoon found all reſiſtance would be vain. The Conſtable demanded my ſword, and inſiſted on my immediately attending the Meſſengers to Lord H——. I replied that if they were not aſſaſſians, that they ſhould firſt give me their names in writing. They complied with this, and thirteen ſet their hands to the paper. I then got into my own chair, and proceeded to Lord H——, guarded by the Meſſengers and their aſſiſtants.

I was conducted in a great apartment fronting the Park, were Lord H—— and Lord E—— the two S—— of S——, were ſitting at a table covered with paper, pens and ink. The Under-Secretaries ſtood near their Lordſhips. Mr. Lovel Stanhope, the Law Clerk, and Mr. Philip Carteret Webb, the Solicitor of the Treaſury, were the only perſons beſides who attended. Lord E—— received me with a ſupercilious, inſolent air; Lord H—— with great politeneſs. I was deſired to take the chair near their Lordſhips, which I did. Lord H—— then began, *That he was really concerned that he had been neceſſitated to proceed in that manner againſt me; that it was exceedingly to be regretted that a Gentleman of my rank and abilities could engage againſt his King and his Majeſty's Government.* I replied, *that his Lordſhip could not be more miſtaken, for the King had not a ſubject more zealouſly attached to his perſon and government than myſelf; that I had all my life been a warm friend of the Houſe of Brunſwick, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion; that while I made the trueſt profeſſions of duty to the King, I was equally free to declare in the ſame moment, that I believed no Prince had ever the misfortune of being ſerved by ſuch ignorant, inſolent, and deſpotic Miniſters, of which my being there was a freſh glaring proof, for I was brought before their Lordſhips by force, under a* General Warrant, *which named no body, in the violation of the laws of my country, and of the privileges of Parliament; that I begged both their Lordſhips to remember my preſent declaration; that on the very firſt day of the enſuing Seſſion of Parliament, I would ſtand up in my place, and impeach them for the outrage they had committed on my perſon againſt the liberties of the people.* Lord H—— anſwered, *that nothing had been done but by the advice of the beſt Lawyers, and that it was now his duty to examine me.* He had in his hand a long liſt of queſtions, regularly numbered. He began, *Mr. Wilkes, do you know Mr. Kearſly? When did you ſee him? &c. &c.* I replied, *that I ſuſpected there was a vain hope my anſwer would tend rather to what his Lordſhip wiſhed to know; that he ſeemed to be loſt in a dark and intricate path, and really wanted much light to guide him through it; but that I could aſſure his Lordſhip not a ſingle ray ſhould come from me.* Lord H—— returned to the charge, *Mr. Wilkes, do you know Mr. Kearſly? &c. &c.* I ſaid, *that this was a curioſity in his Lordſhip's part, which, however laudable in the Secretary, I did not find myſelf diſpoſed to gratify, and that at the end of my examination all the quires of paper on their Lordſhip's table ſhould be as milk white as at the firſt beginning.* Lord H—— then *deſired to remind me of my being their priſoner, and of their right to examine me.* I anſwered, *that I ſhould imagine their Lordſhip's time was too precious to be triſled away in that manner; that they might have ſeen before I would never ſay one word they deſired to know;* and I added, *indeed, my Lords, I am not made of ſuch ſlight ſimſy ſtuff.* Then turning to Lord E——, I ſaid, *Could you employ tortures, I never would utter a word unbecoming my honour, or affecting the ſacred confidence of any friend. God has given me firmneſs and fidelity. You triſle away your time moſt egregiouſly, my Lords.* Lord H—— then *adviſed me to weigh well the conſequences of my conduct, and the advantages to myſelf of a generous, frank confeſſion.* I lamented *the proſtitution of the word* generous, *to what I ſhould conſider as an act of the utmoſt treachery, cowardice, and wickedneſs.* His Lordſhip then aſked me, *if I choſe to be a priſoner in my own Houſe, at the Tower, or in Newgate, for he was diſpoſed to oblige me?* I gave his Lordſhip my thanks, but *I deſired to remark, that I never received an obligation, but from a friend, that I demanded juſtice and my immediate liberty, as an Engliſhman, who had not offended the laws of his country; that as to the reſt it was beneath my attention; the odious idea of reſtraint was the ſame odious idea every where; that I would go where I pleaſed, and if I was reſtrained by a ſuperior force, I muſt yeild to the violence, but would never give colour to it by a ſhameful compromiſe; that every thing was indifferent to me in compariſon of my honour and liberty; that I made my appeal to the laws, and had already by my friends applied to the* Court of Common Pleas *for the* Habeas Corpus, *which the Chief Juſtice had actually ordered to be iſſued; and that I hoped to owe my diſcharge ſolely to my innocence, and to the vigour of the law in a free country.* Lord H—— then told me, *that I ſhould be ſent to the Tower, where I ſhould be treated in a manner ſuitable to my rank,* and that he *hoped the Meſſengers had behaved well to me.* I acknowledged that they had *behaved with humanity, and even civility to me, notwithſtanding the ruffian orders given them by his Lordſhip's Colleague.* I then again turned to Lord E——, and ſaid, *your Lordſhip's verbal orders were to drag me out of my bed at midnight. The firſt man who had entered my bedchamber by force, I ſhould have laid dead on the ſpot: Probably I ſhould have fallen in the ſkirmiſh with the others. I thank God, not your Lordſhip, that ſuch a ſcene of blood has been avoided. Your Lordſhip is very ready to iſſue orders, which you have neither the courage to ſign, nor I believe to juſtify.* No reply was made to this. The converſation dropped. Lord H—— retired into another apartment. Lord E—— continued ſullen and ſilent about a quarter of an hour. I then made a few remarks on ſome capital pictures, which were in the room, and his Lordſhip left me alone.

I was afterwards conducted into another apartment. I found there ſeveral of my friends, in argument with the moſt infamous of all the tools of that Adminiſtration, *Mr.* ——. He confirmed to me that I was to be carried to the Tower, and *wiſhed to know if I had any favours to aſk.* I replied, *that I was uſed to confer, not to receive favours; that I was ſuperior to the receiving any even from his maſters; that all I would ſay to him was, if my Valet de Chambre was allowed to attend me in the Tower, I ſhould be ſhaved and have a clean ſhirt; if he was not, I ſhould have a long beard and dirty linen.* Mr. —— ſaid, *that orders would be given for his admiſſion at the Tower;* I complained of the ſhameful evaſion of the *Habeas Corpus*, in ſending me to the Tower, though the orders of the *Chief Juſtice Pratt* were known. Mr. —— made no reply to this. He came to viſit me at the Tower in the beginning of my impriſonment, when I had not the permiſſion to ſee any friend. I deſired him almoſt at his firſt entrance to take his leave, *for if I was not allowed to ſee thoſe I loved, I would not ſee thoſe I deſpiſed.*

While I continued in the Tower, I was preſſed to offer bail in order to regain my liberty, and two of the firſt Nobility deſired to be my ſecurities in the ſum of 100,000l each. I was exceedingly grateful for the offer, but would not accept it. I obſerved, that neither my health nor ſpirits were affected; that I would by great temperance and abſtinence endeavour to compenſate the want of air and exerciſe; but if my health ſuffered in a dangerous way, I would then accept ſuch generous offers; for I hope to live, that ſo noble a cauſe might be brought to the glorious iſſue for the liberties of my country. From the beginning of this arduous buſineſs, I would not on any occaſion give bail, by which I never involved any friend, and remained the perfect maſter of my own conduct.

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The laſt calumny, my Lord, which I ſhall diſprove, reſpects the actions at law againſt Lord H——. It is ſaid that I have neglected, or purpoſely diſcontinued them, ſince my exile. The imputation is totally groundleſs. I was ſo ill at Paris in the beginning of the year 1764, that it was impoſſible for me then to return to England alive, but I gave the moſt expreſs orders that the law proceedings ſhould be carried on with vigour, and in fact there was not a moment's delay. When my wound began to heal in the ſpring, I was diſſuaded by all my friends from returning to a country where the ſame Adminiſtration, which had illegally ſeized my perſon, plundered my houſe, and corrupted the fidelity of my ſervants, were ſtill in full power. I yielded to theſe reaſons, becauſe *propter eorum ſcelus, nihil mihi intra meos parietes tutum, nihil inſidiis vacuum viderem.*—Lord ——, for near two years availed himſelf of every advantage which privilege and the chicane of the Law could furniſh. He never entered any appearance to a Court of Juſtice, and the Common Pleas had, as far as they could, puniſhed ſuch an open contempt, ſuch a daring proof that *Adminiſtration* would not ſubmit to the *Law of the Land*, and had endeavoured to compel his Lordſhip to appear. Towards the end of 1764, I was *outlawed*. The proceedings continued againſt his Lordſhip till that hour. He then appeared, and his ſingle plea was, that as an *Outlaw*, I could not hold any action. No other defence was made againſt the henious charge of having in my perſon, violated the rights of the people.

I felt this, my Lord, as the moſt cruel ſtroke which fortune had given me. Juſtice had at length overtaken many of the inferior criminals, but my *Outlawry* prevented my puniſhing the great, the capital offender, when, after all his ſubterfuges, he was almoſt within my reach. I pleaſe myſelf, however, with the reflection that no Miniſter has ſince dared to iſſue a *General Warrant*, nor to ſign an order for the *Seizure of Papers.* In the one the perſonal liberty of every ſubject is immediately concerned. On the other may depend not only his own ſafety and property, but what will come more home to a man of honour, the ſecurity, the happineſs of thoſe with whom he is moſt intimately connected, their fortunes, their future views, perhaps ſecrets, the diſcovery of which would drive the coldeſt Stoic to diſpair, their very exiſtence poſſibly, all that is important in the public walk of life, all that is dear and ſacred in friendſhip and in love. I was the *laſt* oppreſſed, but I was the *firſt* man, who had the courage to carry thro' a juſt reſiſtance to theſe acts of deſpotiſm. Now the opinions of our ſovereign Courts of Juſtice are known and eſtabliſhed. I rejoice that ſeveral others, who ſuffered before me, have ſince made their appeal to the laws, and obtained redreſs. I hope the iron rod of miniſterial oppreſſion is at length broken, and that I am the laſt victim of violence and cruelty. I ſhall not then regret all the ſacrifices I have made, and my mind ſhall feaſt itſelf with the recollection in the unjuſt exile I am doomed to ſuffer from my friends and my native land.

I will now, my Lord, only add, however unfaſhionable ſuch a declaration may be, that conſiſtency ſhall never depart from my character; that to the laſt moment I will preſerve the ſame fixed and unconquerable hatred to the enemies of freedom and the conſtitution of our happy Iſland; the ſame warm attachment to the friends and the cauſe of Liberty; that I keep a ſteady and a longing eye on England; that my endeavours for the good and ſervice of my country, by every method left me, ſhall have a period only with my life; and though I do not mean to lay any future claim to your Grace's favour, I will take care to ſecure your eſteem.

I am, my Lord,
Your Grace's moſt obedient,
And very humble Servant,
JOHN WILKES.

BOSTON, JULY 27.

LAST Thurſday Captain Ingerſon, arrived here in 24 Days from Surrinam, who brings an Account that on the 24th of April laſt, between 6 and 7 o'Clock in the Morning, they had a violent Shock of an Earthquake at that Place, but through God's Mercy did no great Damage.

NEW-YORK, July 27. Capt. William Moore, of the Brig Africa, who arrived here on Sunday laſt from New-Orleans, brought with him one George Cahoon, a Lad of about 15 or 16 Years old, who ſays that he was (with the whole Family) taken about 10 Years ago, from Cumberland County in Virginia, by the French Iroquois Indians, that his Father's Name was alſo George Cahoon, and that three of his Brothers and three of his Siſters were ſtill with the Indians when he was purchaſed by a French Officer and carried to the Miſſiſſippi; the ſaid Lad is now by choice going to Trois Rivieres in Canada, attending on two young Gentlemen, Sons of the Surveyor-General of New-Orleans.

Extract of a Letter from Penſacola, June 7.

"About the End of laſt Month arrived here, the Levant Frigate, Capt. Baziel Keith, to relieve Capt. Fitzherbert, of the Adventure. Some days ago, arrived a Brig from London, with Goods for the Spaniards; ſhe brings Advice, That one Capt. Elliott of the Navy, was appointed Governor of this Province; one of the Family of Fort Elliott, in Cornwall.——The Reaſon that no Spaniards have been here this long Time, is owing to Don Anthony Deullos, the Spaniſh Governor at New-Orleans, having informed the Governors of Vera-Cruz, Campechy, and the Havana, of the Names of the Veſſels that came here, their Captains Names, and the Cargoes they brought to, and carried from this Place; this will occaſion their being ſtrictly looked after. ——The Arbitrary and illegal Proceedings of the Lieut. Governor, in a ſhort time would have ruined the infant Colony; in moſt Caſes he endeavours to oblige the Chief Juſtice by Threats and even Force, to give Judgement as he orders; when he can't effect his Purpoſes in that Manner, he iſſues Injunctions by his orderly Serjeants, and brings up Cauſes into his Court of Chancery, where he gives away the Property of thoſe he diſlikes without Juſtice or Jury. He has diſſolved the Aſſembly about ten Days ago."

Auguſt 3. The Tranſports ſailed from Sandy-hook, laſt Saturday, for England.

A Single grain of Rye at Flatbuſh, produced this Summer 169 Ears, which contained 4732 Grains.

Auguſt 10. Laſt Wedneſday Evening, Capt. Laſh, in a Sloop arrived here in 14 Days from St. Thomas, by whom we have poſitive Advice, that both the Iſlands St. Thomas and St. Johns, had been declared Free Ports by his Daniſh Majeſty, open to all Veſſels and Commodities, of what Nation or Kind ſoever, without any Reſtrictions or Reſervations, ſave the common Fees and Duties heretofore uſual in thoſe Ports.

Since our laſt Capt. Gordon, chief Engineer, arrived here from Quebec. This Officer in the Space of twelve Months has viſited the two Extremities of the Britiſh Dominions on this Continent.

PHILADELPHIA, July 30. By Capt. Livingſton, from Liſbon, we learn, that the Portugueſe were fitting out a Fleet of four Sail of the Line, with a great Number of Tranſports, for ſome Expedition; but the Place of their Deſtination was kept ſecret.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 1.

THE Sloop Kendall, David Ferguſon, Maſter, of and from this Port for Dominica, was unfortunately drove aſhore in a hard Gale of Wind the Day after her Arrival: The Veſſel and Cargo was entirely loſt, but the People, with much Difficulty, ſaved their Lives.

The Sloop Charles-Town, Joſeph Durfee, Maſter, from this Port, arrived at Rhode-Iſland in eight Days;——as alſo the Brig Philadelphia Packet, John Harriſon, Maſter, in nine Days.

Extract of a Letter from New-York, dated Auguſt 14.

"We are all here in the Dumps about the Reſolutions of the Britiſh Parliament, on our not fully aſſenting to the Billeting-Act; and what Alarms us moſt, is the Detention of three Packets, two of which ſhould have arrived a good while ago: A ſhort Time muſt ſoon determine how Matters will be ſettled; but have juſt Reaſons to expect, that under the preſent Patriotic Adminiſtration, Affairs will be amicably decided, to the no ſmall Diſappointment of the Enemies of Great-Britain and her Colonies."

Several Officers of the Army are gone from St. Auguſtine to Penſacola, in order, it is ſaid, to aſſiſt at a Court-Martial to be holden on a Field-Officer, ſome Time ago Commander in Chief of his Majeſty's Forces in Weſt-Florida.

By every Conveyance from the Weſt-Indies, our former Accounts relative to the Baniſhment of the Jeſuits from all the Dominions of his Moſt Catholick Majeſty in that Part of the World, is confirmed.

Laſt Thurſday, the Rev. Mr. Forbes, of St. Auguſtine, Lieut. Lindſay, of the 9th Regiment, Mr. Iſaac Leſſeſne, jun. and ſundry others, went Paſſengers in the Brig Prince of Wales, Captain Thomas Maſon, for Philadelphia.

DIED.] Mr. ADAM STEWART, in the 79th Year of his Age, a Native of Ireland, who came from thence in the early Part of his Life to this Province: He was one of thoſe who took Major *Bonnet*, and the other Pirates that were executed here about fifty Years ago. He afterwards carried his Majeſty's Act of Grace to the Pirates then in the Bahama Iſlands, who thereupon ſubmitted themſelves.—Auguſt 30, Mrs. Peronneau, Widow of the late Henry Peronneau, Eſq.

Since our laſt inſerting the Price-Current, Rice has riſen from 60s. to 65s.—Jamaica Rum from 17s. 6d. to 20s.—Weſt-India ditto, from 12s. 6d. to 15s.—Northward ditto from 9s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.—Madera Wine from 100l. to 110l.—*Lowered*, Northward Flour from 6l. 5s. to 5l. 5s. Tar from 50s. to 45s.—Indian Corn, Rough Rice, and Black eyed Peaſe, from 15s. to 12s. 6d.———*The other Articles as before.*

Auguſt CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD. *From*

25th.	Schooner Polly, Jeremiah Newton,	New-Providence
26th.	Brig Boone, Thomas Gelſton,	New-York
	Brig Hope, Robert Whitelock,	Penſacola
	Ship Martha, David Arnold,	Honduras
27th.	Schooner Rice-Bird, Nathaniel Morgan,	Georgia
29th.	Brig Eagle, Jeremiah Burrows,	Liverpool
31ſt.	Sloop Black Bird, William Duncombe,	Bermuda
	Schooner Twink, Prince George,	St. Kitts
	Ship Britannia, John Brynan,	Ireland
	Sloop Induſtry, Joſeph Everitt,	Muſquito Shore
	Schooner Pickpocket, Solomon Geoyhegan,	Maryland

ENTRIES OUTWARD, NONE.

Auguſt CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE. *For*

26th.	Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
28th.	Sloop Patience, Milner Tucker,	New-Providence
	Ship Pitt, James Rogers,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Sally, Seth Harvey,	Bermuda

New Advertiſements.

J. HARVEY, and D. BATY,

TAKE the Liberty of acquainting their Friends, that they have to diſpoſe of at their STORE in *Gadſden's Alley*, next Door to CROUCH's Printing-Office, MADERA WINE by the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, or Dozen.——WEST-INDIA RUM, two Years old, by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or ſmaller Quantity, not leſs than three Gallons.——Good Northward RUM by the like Quantity.——Likewiſe a few Dozen of choice CLARET, and a ſmall Quantity of very good COFFEE.———Thoſe who pleaſe to favour them with their Commands, may depend upon being ſerved on the moſt reaſonable Terms, and ſhorteſt Notice.

Orders from the Country will be punctually complied with.

NOWELL & LORD,

HAVE imported in the Brigantine EAGLE, *Captain* BURROWS, *from* LIVERPOOL;

AN ASSORTMENT of extraordinary good white, blue, and green PLAINS, *Iriſh* LINENS from 7s. 6d. per Yard to 40s. *Iriſh* Oznabrugs, a few Hogſheads of beſt ſingle refin'd & [illegible] Sugar, *Cheſhire* and *Glouceſter* [illegible], Cheeſe, Chimney and Hearth Tiles, ſhort and long Pipes, white Stone Plates and Diſhes, Butter Jars, Milk Pans, yellow and black Earthen Ware in Crates, ſplit Peaſe, and a few Tons of COALS, which they will ſell very low.

A New and genteel *Italian* RIDING CHAIR, to be ſold cheap, by

THOMAS & ROGER SMITH.

They have alſo a large QUANTITY of faſhionable SILKS, to be diſpoſed of reaſonably.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Honourable the Court of Chancery in this Province, will be ſold before the Subſcriber, at his Houſe in Tradd-Street, on Tueſday the 29th Day of September next, at 12 o'Clock at Noon, upon the Terms and Conditions to be then and there declared; all that Piece or Part of a Town Lot of Land on the South Side and upper End of Broad-Street, lately belonging to the Eſtate of JAMES ST. JOHN, deceaſed, containing in Front at leaſt 86 Feet, butting and bounding to the Weſtward on another Part of the ſaid Lot, lately purchaſed by Mr. WILLIAM LOGAN, and on all other Sides on Land belonging to the Honourable OTHNIEL BEALE, Eſq. A Plat of the ſaid Land may be ſeen in the Hands of

WILLIAM BURROWS, Maſter in Chancery.

THOMAS RADCLIFFE, jun.

Has juſt imported in the Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, *Maſter, from Philadelphia*;

SUPERFINE Flour in Barrels, half Barrels, and Kegs, Water Biſcuit in Kegs, and Bar Iron; which with a compleat Aſſortment of Dry Goods, Jamaica, Weſt-India, and Northward Rum, Madera Wine, barrelled Porter, Muſcovado Sugar, &c. he will ſell on reaſonable Terms at his Store in Broad-ſtreet.—Where may be bought any Quantity of exceeding good ſeaſoned Cypreſs Boards.

TO BE SOLD,

A Low-Water Lot of LAND in Charles-Town, containing 21 Feet in Front, and 300 Feet in Depth, adjoining the Market oppoſite the Vendue-Houſe.—Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may apply to the Subſcriber, in whoſe Hands the Plat and Grant thereof may be ſeen.

Auguſt 23, 1767. PETER BACOT.

WILLIAM HUTCHINGS,

TEACHER of READING, WRITING, and ARITHMETIC, both Vulgar and Decimal, in GADSDEN'S ALLEY;

ACQUAINTS the PUBLIC, that he has opened an EVENING SCHOOL for the Seaſon, where young GENTLEMEN may be qualified either for the Merchant or Mechanic's Buſineſs, in the moſt correct and expeditious Manner.

N. B. Children boarded and educated on moderate terms.

ALL Perſons whatever who are any ways indebted to the Eſtate of BENJAMIN BACKHOUSE, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay or ſettle their ſeveral Bonds, Notes, and Accounts, on or before the firſt Day of December next; and thoſe to whom the Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to deliver in an Account of their reſpective Demands by that Time.

The Subſcriber continues to carry on the Buſineſs both in Town and up the Path, where ſhe will be obliged for the Continuance of the Favours of her Friends and Cuſtomers, to whom ſhe now takes this publick Method of returning Thanks for their former Kindneſs.

KATHARINE BACKHOUSE, Adminiſtratrix.

ANNE COX,

TAKES this Method to acquaint her Friends and Cuſtomers, that ſhe has removed from Elliott-ſtreet to the Corner of Tradd and Church ſtreets, (the Houſe that Dr. Bulline keeps Shop in) where ſhe carries on the Mantua-making Buſineſs in all its Branches; ſhe alſo makes Children's Slips, and teaches them to read, ſew, mark, and Iriſh ſtitch.——She has two very good Rooms to let, either furniſhed or unfurniſhed, and alſo a good Cellar in Tradd-ſtreet ———She takes none but white Children.

FOR any Port in ENGLAND, PORTUGAL, or the WEST-INDIES,

The Brigantine HOPE,

ROBERT WHITELOCK, Maſter,

A Very handy and faſt ſailing Veſſel. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter, or

MANSELL, CORBETT, & Co.

JOHNSON's SHAKESPEAR, in Eight Volumes, Quarto, neatly bound, gilt and lettered, to be ſold at Eight for One, Caſh.——Enquire of the Printer.

HENRY REEVES, & Co.

Will exchange the following GOODS at the nett ſterling coſt, for ſuch goods as they may want at the ſame rate;

IRON and braſs wire ſcives, Indian corn mills, door hinges of different ſizes, iron rim'd locks with pullbacks, fiſh hooks, carpenters planes ſorted, whip ſaws, ditto files, tin kettles, narrow hoes, black figured allamodes, counterpanes, thickſets, white catgut, herring bones, ſhaving boxes and bruſhes, ſoap balls and boxes, red clay figured tea pots, bibles, ſilk ferretings, king's honey water, lavender and hungary ditto, gilt quarter poſt paper, plain ditto, white ſtone diſhes, rappee ſnuff, tin canniſters, glaſs ſhades, ditto biſhops, cantharides, mens ſhoes, boots and ſpatterdaſhes, 6-4 ſtriped cotton hollands, mahogany deſks, book caſes, clothes preſſes, and ladies dreſſing ſtands, ditto night tables, GREEN TEA, ditto in canniſters.

STRAYED from Charles-Town, the 22d inſtant, THREE HORSES, viz. A ROAN, with ſeveral Brands, not well remembered, one like 53, one like R in one, with a Diamond a-top, and one like a Flower de Luce; trots and paces.

A GREY and a BAY, both branded R in one, with a Diamond a-top, and are trotters.—They are all Chair-Horſes. Whoever will deliver them to Mrs. RICHARDS, at (Rantowle's or) Stono-Bridge, or to Mr. TIMOTHY, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive a Reward of TWELVE POUNDS. JULY 27, 1767.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of LAND on the BAY, near the GUARD-HOUSE, with two Tenements thereon, occupied by Mrs. DAVIDSON and Mr. DOWNES, Watch-Maker. For further Particulars, apply to WILLIAM WRAGG, Eſq; in Charles-Town, or to me at Coatbaw.

Auguſt 21, 1767. MARY DRAKE.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of Land on Lady's Iſland, fronting Cuſſaw River, exceeding good for Corn and Indico, with a ſmall Quantity of very good Rice Land.——Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with JOHN PALMER, at his Plantation on Lady's Iſland.

St. Paul's Pariſh, Auguſt 24, 1767.

A Black trotting mare, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock F L, part of her hind hoofs are white, and appears to be about five years old. The owner of the above ſtray, muſt prove his property before EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

TO BE SOLD,

At public SALE, at the Vendue-Houſe in CHARLES-TOWN, on the 10th of November, preciſely at eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon;

A *Valuable Tract of Swamp Lands, containing* 350 *Acres; inferior to none in the Province, on account of the richneſs of the Soil, being one entire bed of very large* CANE, *is bluff on the River, lying and being in St. Mark's Pariſh, nigh the Mouth of the Wateree River, on the North Side of the ſaid River, about two Miles below where Capt. John Dargan, deceaſed, lived; being about* 90 *Miles from Charles-Town, and above the Mouth of Broad River, which clears it of the frequent Freſhes of Santee River, occaſioned by the meeting of two large Rivers into one. The ſaid Land begins at a wild Cherry Tree, and runs off from the Bank of the River, North* 70 *Chains, Eaſt* 107 *Chains; thence South* 20 *Chains, Eaſt* 29 *Chains; thence South* 70 *Chains, Weſt* 118 *Chains; thence along the River Bank to the firſt Station; all Sides on vacant Land at the Time it was granted to the Subſcriber. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe before the Day of Sale, may treat with the Subſcriber, at* Ewehaws, Indian Land.——*If the Land ſhould not be ſold, the Subſcriber would be willing to join in Partnerſhip in planting the ſaid Land, as his Number of Hands is not ſufficient alone to be worth his Attendance.*

JACOB VAN BEBBER.

N. B. *About ten Hands would be taken on Shares, to join that Number for five Years.* tbc.

TWO Porter Caſks of excellent good old Jamaica Rum, to be ſold cheap. Enquire of the Printer.

BROUGHT to the ſubſcriber's houſe by a white lad who lives with Mr. Benjamin Haſkins, and thrown in at a window and there left, a black BROAD-CLOTH COAT, the back and ſleeves lined with brown holland, has ſome of the ſame cloth in the pockets.——Whoever owns the ſaid coat, may have it by applying to

JOHN SEALY, jun.

WILLIAM ADAMS, Writing-Maſter;

Next door to Mr. Thomas Legaré, *jun. in* King-ſtreet, *(to which he has removed)*

TAKES this method of acquainting the public, that he has opened a SCHOOL, at his houſe; where children, and youth of both ſexes are taught reading, and writing a variety of the moſt uſeful hands; vulgar and decimal arithmatic, together with merchants accompts, menſuration, guaging, &c. in the moſt conciſe and expeditious manner.—Agreeable to his former advertiſements in this paper, teaches to write a legible hand in ſix weeks, at one hour per day. A ſpecimen of a Dutch girl's writing, who was never at any Engliſh ſchool before, whom he has taught to write a legible hand in four weeks; and another of about twelve years of age, who has been taught the ſame in twenty-four days, may be ſeen at CROUCH's printing-office, and at his ſchool. He returns thanks to thoſe who already have been pleaſed to employ him: The general utility his plan in teaching will be of to thoſe who are deſirous of gaining a competant knowledge of the uſe of the pen, arithmatic, &c. in a ſhort time, together with his continued aſſiduity, he hopes will recommend him to the favour of the public.—Mrs. ADAMS makes childrens gowns, ſlips, and teaches them to ſew, mark, &c. She clear ſtarches, and waſhes ſilk ſtockings in the beſt manner.

N. B. He has opened an EVENING-SCHOOL.

FOUND a few days ago, by a Negro, upon the Bridge, near the Baptiſt Meeting, a bundle of LINEN CLOTHES. The owner may hear where they may be had, paying for this Advertiſement, and giving a ſmall reward to the Negro.—Enquire of the Printer.

Chriſt-Church Pariſh, Auguſt 28, 1767.

STRAYED into the plantation of William Hopton, Eſq; a bay mare neither branded or docked, with a blaze on her face, is about 13 hands high, appears to be about four years old, and has with her a year old colt. The owner muſt prove his property before

ANDREW HIBBEN, J. P.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

Auguſt 24. A negro fellow of the Yallunka country, calls himſelf DAVEY, but can't tell his maſter's name; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, carries the marks of an old offender on his back, aged upwards of 40 years; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, and old oznabrugs trowſers, dyed with indico. Taken up at James Dolly's plantation at Euhaws, but ſaid to be harboured at James Fiſher's ſix months, which is neighbouring.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the 20th *Day of April*, 1767.

ORDERED,

THAT publick Notice be given, That by an Act paſſed the 18th Inſtant, intitled, *An Act for the more frequent holding of the Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize, and General Goal Delivery; and to appoint and eſtabliſh a new Liſt of Jurymen; and to authorize and impower the Aſſiſtant Judges to take Renunciations of Dower from Feme-Coverts*; IT IS AMONG OTHER THINGS ENACTED, That from, and immediately after the paſſing of this Act, inſtead of the Times heretofore appointed for the holding the ſaid Court of General Seſſions, (to wit) the Third Wedneſday in March, and the Third Wedneſday in October; the ſaid Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize, and General Goal Delivery, ſhall always hereafter be holden, and ſet three Times in every Twelve Months, (that is to ſay) On the Third Monday in October, on the Third Monday in January, and on the Third Monday in April; and ſhall adjourn, *Dedie in Diem*, until all Trials and other Buſineſs that is to be diſpatched and tranſacted by Juries, ſhall be finiſhed; and then the ſaid Court may adjourn to any further Days or Times for giving Judgment, awarding, executing, or doing any other lawful and neceſſary Buſineſs, belonging to the ſaid Court, about which the Attendance of Juries is not required by Law; any Law, Statute, Uſage or Cuſtom, to the contrary notwithſtanding. And that all Proceſs, Warrants, Orders, Recognizances, and other Matters and Things, now depending in the Court of General Seſſions; and all proceedings thereupon had, which before the paſſing of this Act ſtood adjourned over, continued, or were returnable at the Court of General Seſſions, heretofore appointed to be holden on the Third Wedneſday in October next, ſhall be continued, proceeded upon, heard, tried, judged and determined, at the next Court of General Seſſions, hereby appointed to be held the Third Monday in October next; and the ſaid Court is hereby authorized, and impowered to proceed thereupon, and to make ſuch Orders relating thereto as the ſaid Court might or could do, if it was to be held the ſaid Third Wedneſday in October next, and this Act had never been paſſed: Any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary thereof, in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

By Order of the Houſe,

THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

PRODUCED to me by Henry Bonneau, of St. Thomas's pariſh, a large brown ſteer, about ſeven or eight years old, a ſlit in his right ear, the other a hole, and a piece taken out of the under part, unbranded.——Whoever owns the ſaid ſtray, muſt apply in ſix months, as the law directs in that caſe, to

BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

WANTS A PLACE,

A Woman that is capable of taking the charge of a large or ſmall family as houſe-keeper; in which capacity ſhe has lived in London. She underſtands the making of paſtry, jellies, pickling, preſerving, &c. and has no objection to the care of children.——Any Gentleman or Lady, that wants ſuch a perſon, will, on directing a line to A. B. to be left at the Printer's, be immediately waited on.

Philadelphia Flour and Bar Iron, to be ſold by

GODFREY and GADSDEN,

WHO have a HOUSE and STORES on the Bay to LET, well fitted up, and convenient for Buſineſs, now occupied by Meſſrs. GUERIN and WILLIAMSON, near the Watch-Houſe. tbc

To be ſold for ready Money,

On Wedneſday the 2d day of September next, at the plantation, late of LEONARD GRAVES, deceaſed, on Charles-Town Neck, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon;

THE ſaid plantation, containing 184 acres and a half of land, and alſo a piece of marſh land, containing 100 acres, with the preſent crop of corn, &c.

The plantation tools, 16 head of neat cattle, a ſmall parcel of hogs, a horſe and riding chair, a cart, &c.

At the ſame Time will be ſold,

THE houſhold furniture and three Negro men, two women and a child of about three years old; one of the women is ſaid to be a cook, waſher and ironer, and houſe-wench.

All perſons indebted to the ſaid eſtate are deſired to pay; and thoſe to whom it is indebted, to give in their demands, properly atteſted, to WILLIAM GREAVES, WILLIAM BURROWS.

Auguſt 10, 1767.

To be ſold at publick Vendue, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 3d of September next;

THE SLOOP FRIENDSHIP, now lying at Col. BEALE's Wharf, burthen about 65 Tons, is 20 Months old, has good Sails and Rigging, with two very good Cables and Anchors.——Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe her at private Sale, may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, who has to diſpoſe of, a Parcel of exceeding good Mahogany, juſt imported in the ſaid Sloop, from the Bay of Honduras, which he will ſell on very reaſonable Terms.

Auguſt 22, 1767. NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

On Tueſday the 15th of September next, at 12 o'Clock at Noon, will be ſold at publick Auction, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;

A Commodious tenement, well ſituated for trade, in Tradd-ſtreet, with ſeven good rooms, a kitchen, waſh-houſe, ſtore-room, and other conveniencies, ſuitable for a family.——The lot contains 25 feet eight inches in front, and 61 feet and a half in depth, with an addition of back land, meaſuring 16 feet deep, from north to ſouth, and 50 feet long from eaſt to weſt; the kitchen, &c. ſtands on part of the back land, which makes the yard large and commodious. The ſaid houſe formerly belonged to Mr. Moſes Audebert, and is to be ſold by order of Mr. Philip Audebert, reſiding in Antigua, who is the preſent proprietor.——The titles may be ſeen in the hands of William Burrows, Eſq; any time before the ſale.

To be ſold at the plantation of the late deceaſed JEAN DUMAY, in St. James's pariſh, on Thurſday the 24th day of September, 1767, if a fair day, if not, the firſt fair day after;

ALL the perſonal eſtate of the deceaſed, conſiſting of a parcel of likely country-born SLAVES. Any perſon having demands againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are deſired to ſend them properly atteſted; and thoſe indebted, are requeſted to pay the ſame by the above date, to

STEPHEN GUERRY, Executor.

The conditions of the above ſale, will be made known on the ſaid day.

TWENTY odd Head of fine working OXEN, to be ſold by the Subſcriber. Apply at the upper End of Broad-Street, to WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU,

Has juſt imported in the Brig Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, *Maſter, from* Philadelphia;

LEWIS's beſt ſuperfine Flour, Water and Milk Bread.——He has alſo to diſpoſe of, by the Pipe, Hogſhead, or Quarter Caſk, beſt London Madera, York, and Jamaica Wines; alſo by the Dozen, of each Quality.

He once more requeſts all thoſe indebted to him, by Bond, Note, &c. to diſcharge the ſame immediately, otherwiſe they may expect to find them in the Hands of an Attorney, this being poſitively the laſt Notice.

JOHN GILES,

Lately arrived in the Ship Mary, *Captain* Gordon, *from* London; *has brought with him, choſen by himſelf on the ſpot;*

A General aſſortment of European and East-India Goods, proper for the preſent and approaching ſeaſon; which will be ſold at the uſual credit, and on very moderate terms for caſh; exceeding good bohea tea at 30s. per lb. and the fineſt hyſon ditto at £. 6 5 0; with wines, rum, brandy, arrack, geneva, London ſugar, ſalt, &c. as uſual.——By the package, fine and low priced Scotch linens, ſheeting ditto, britannias, oznabrugs, 3-4th checks, table-cloths and check handkerchiefs, for a very low advance, for caſh or ſhort credit, at his ſtore in Elliott-ſtreet. tbc

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JOHN OHLIN,

At the Old Sugar-Houſe, the upper End of Broad-Street;

TAKES this method of acquainting the public, that he has a quantity of SUGAR for ſale, at the following prices, viz. loaf ſugar at 5s. the pound, lump ditto at 4s. and baſtard ſugar at 3s. Thoſe who are pleaſed to favour me with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved to their ſatisfaction, by their humble ſervant,

JOHN OHLIN.

TO BE SOLD,

AN excellent POINTER BITCH, for land or water, that has few equals, and none better in the province. Enquire of the printer, who can likewiſe inform any gentleman of a young man who would engage on eaſy terms, for the ſake of inſtruction, to attend a ſtore.

THE ſubſcriber deſires all perſons any way indebted to SAMUEL WISE, to make immediate payment, or their reſpective debts will be put into the hands of WILLIAM BURROWS, Eſq; without further notice.

GEORGE BEDON, jun. Attorney.

N.B. He has a parcel of choice barreled Pork to diſpoſe of.

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER, well acquainted with Rice planting and Sawing, of ſober and prudent Behaviour: Any Perſon well recommended, may treat upon very advantageous Terms, by applying where the Printer ſhall direct; but none without a full and good Recommendation need apply. 6 w.

JOHN LAMPUT, WHEEL-WRIGHT,

HAVING removed from the corner of Meeting-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. William Holliday's, to a part of the ſame ſtreet, oppoſite Mrs. Logan's; where he continues to carry on the ſaid buſineſs in all its branches, viz. Makes and mends new chair-wheels and carriages, carts, drays, and wheel-barrows.——As he has always been noted for application to buſineſs, hopes to give content to his former cuſtomers, and to merit encouragement from others.

AN OVERSEER, who is acquainted with plantation buſineſs in general, and can bring a good recommendation, (without which none need apply) may hear of a good place, on application to

THOMAS CORBETT.

Wanted, on hire or purchaſe,

A Young Negro Fellow that underſtands COOKING, for a ſmall Family of three or four Perſons. Enquire of the Printer.

STRAYED into my Paſture, at Gooſe-Creek, two black GELDINGS, about 13 Hands high; one of them branded B K, the other with an I with three Strokes acroſs. The owner may apply to

ALEXANDER FRASER.

TO BE LET,

MR. JOHN DUTARQUE's Houſe on the Bay of Charles-Town, at preſent occupied by Mr. SIMS WHITE. Enquire of

THEODORE GAILLARD, jun.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's brick yard, at Wando, in Chriſt-Church pariſh, on Monday the 17th of Auguſt, 1767, a Negro man called DUBLIN; a black well ſet fellow, about five feet ſeven inches high, has a large ſcar on one of his cheeks, ſpeaks good Engliſh, has a grum voice, and bold countenance; can mould bricks; was born at Philadelphia, and belonged to one James White there, who ſold him to Iſaiah Parvezole, of Croſs-creek, in North-Carolina, who ſold him to John Bohannan, of Mecklinburgh county, and he to John Ray, of the ſame county, and he to James Maclenehan, of Charles-Town, where the ſubſcriber bought him at publick vendue, in June laſt. It is ſuſpected he will make for North-Carolina.——Whoever apprehends him, and delivers him to the ſubſcriber in Charles-Town, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall have *Twenty Pounds* reward, beſides the charges allowed by law. WILLIAM HOPTON.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO lots of land in Queen-ſtreet, adjoining HENRY FULKER's, 32 feet in front, and 105, or thereabouts in depth, lately Shute's watering-place; which will be ſold for credit. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may enquire of Mr. JOHN EDWARDS, merchant, in Charles-Town.

Alſo, a tract of 500 acres, on the north ſide of Santee river, adjoining lands of Thomas Boſher. This tract is exceeding good land for rice, corn, and indico. Enquire as above. CHARLES CAPERS.

INFORMATION hath been given me of the following ſtrays, viz. A bay horſe about 14 hands high, branded ſomething like *W R*, with ſeveral ſaddle ſpots on his back; paces a little, and appears to be about 15 years old.

A ſorrel horſe branded with an M, about 14 hands high, and ſix years old. The owners of the above ſtrays, muſt prove their property before

JOSIAH PERRY, J. P.

MR. Daniel Cannon, informs me of a grey horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder D, having ſtrayed into his plantation at Gooſe-Creek. The owner may prove his property before FENWICKE BULL, J. P. in Charles-Town.

St. John's Pariſh, July 1, 1767.

THE owners of the following ſtrays, may have them, by proving their property before the ſubſcriber.

A light bay horſe, a trotter, 14 hands high, branded on both buttocks and on the top of the rump I, and LT in one, and on the mounting ſhoulder with a ſmall brand not to be made out.

An old brown bay horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, has part of one hind foot white, a ſmall ſtar, his back very much gauled, branded on the near buttock, but not to be deſcribed whether letter or figure.

A black or brown horſe, trots very faſt, about 13 hands and a half high, has one fore-foot white, ſeveral white ſpots on his back, has a long broom tail, branded on the mounting ſhoulder W

S D, and on the off ſhoulder AT in one.

An old flea-bitten horſe, 13 hands high, has but one eye, a piece cut out of one ear, and the other a ſmall ſlit, branded on both ſhoulders and near buttock ſomething like B, with a croſs a top.

A black or brown troting horſe, about 13 hands high, ſhort mane, and a ſmall ſtar, branded on the mounting buttock K, and on the off buttock S C.

A black troting horſe, 14 hands high, with a ſnip, four white feet, and two glaſs eyes, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock N.

A bay pacing horſe, 13 hands high, has a ſtar and ſeveral ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near buttock I P.

HENRY RAVENEL, J. P.

THE Subſcriber intending to go off the Province early next Spring, will ſell at publick Outcry, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, *on Tueſday the 22d Day of October next*, A *very* VALUABLE PLANTATION, on the South Side of Santee River, containing upwards of *Two Thouſand Acres*, having thereon two very large Barns, an Overſeer's Houſe, Negro Houſes, a Corn-Houſe, Stable, and other neceſſary Buildings.——*One Hundred Acres* of the River Swamp are ditched in, and under extraordinary good Banks. About *One Hundred Acres* more, uncleared Swamp, are adjoining, lies very convenient to the Barn, will require very little or no ditching, and is eſteemed to be exceeding good.——A very large and extenſive Reſervoir, that holds a prodigious Quantity of Water, is at Hand, ſo that ſhould the Summer be dry, and the Spring Tides low, you are at no loſs, as you can command plenty from the Reſervoir.——The Remainder of the Land back, is moſtly Pine, (on which is a great deal of Light-Wood) and runs on WASHO CREEK, (to ſecure the Head of Water) near five Miles. Said Creek divides the above from other Lands of the Subſcriber's, and will be made the dividing Line; but a Right to the Uſe of the Reſervoir will be made to the Purchaſer.

As there are many People who poſſibly are, or may be, prejudiced by idle Reports againſt the above Lands not producing Crops, unjuſtly imagining that the Land is hurt by the Salts. I ſhall be glad ſuch People will give themſelves the Trouble to go thither now, and let the preſen Crop of ſixty Acres of Rice, with Corn, &c. ſatisfy them of the Truth.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid Plantation by private Sale, or, as the whole conſiſts of five Tracts as originally run out, if a Number of Perſons ſhould want to purchaſe the Tracts ſeparately, ſo that the Whole may be diſpoſed of, he or they are deſired to apply to the Subſcriber in Charles-Town, before the Day of Sale, who has a Plat of the Whole, and will treat upon the moſt reaſonable Terms.——Two of the ſaid Tracts, lying at the Head of the Creek, has a good Body of fine Swamp, ſupplied with Abundance of large Cypreſs, and is capable of being made a fine Rice Plantation. Any Perſon deſirous of ſeeing the above Lands, is deſired to apply to Mr. JONAH COLLINS, who will ſhew it. SAMPSON NEYLE.

N. B. As ſoon as the Land is diſpoſed of, I purpoſe to ſell fifteen or twenty Negroes. *Auguſt 1, 1767.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NICHOLAS WILLIAMS, who is in Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *John Paul Grimke*, having petitioned the Honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *John Paul Grimke*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM [illegible], [illegible] of the [illegible] von Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the Suit of *Robert Mills*, Adminiſtrator of the Eſtate of *Robert Smith* deceaſed, having petitioned the Honourable the [illegible] his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors. IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid *Robert Mills*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and are hereby ſummoned and have Notice, to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the firſt Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted.

William Ancrum, *Lambert Lance*, and *Aaron Loocock*, to whom Part of the Petitioner's Effects are mortgaged, are ſummoned to be and appear at the Time and Place abovementioned, to render an Account upon Oath, of what is really and *bona fide* due upon their Mortgage, on pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 15, 1767.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

October 7, 1766. A well ſet new Negro fellow, who ſpeaks no Engliſh, has on an old white Negro Cloth jacket with pewter buttons, has a ſmall beard.——Taken up at Cooſawatchee.

——The abve Negro fellow, ſince his being advertiſed, ſays his name is FRANK.

December 13. A pretty tall well made Negro fellow who calls himſelf MARCH, but will not or cannot tell his maſter's name; has on old white Negro cloth cloaths and blanket, a large bump on his right ſhoulder; and was taken up at Col. Heyward's plantation, Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

June 19, 1767. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf WILL, but can't tell his maſter or his country's name; he is about 5 feet two inches high, has a ſmall beard, and branded on the right ſhoulder thus O; has on a brown double breaſted jacket, and white Negro cloth breeches, and was taken up at Mr. Hog's plantation, called Hog-Neck, Indian-Land.

July 18. A dark mulatto who calls himſelf *John Burnet*, ſays he is free, and was born in Heneritta county in Virginia; but now his father lives at Long-Canes, were he has been three years, and ſays they both uſed to drive waggons, by one of which he has loſt all the fingers of his right hand; he alſo ſays he is a ſawyer, and was coming to town to look for work; has nothing on but an old ſhirt, and was taken up at Mr. Croft's plantation, up the path.

July 22. A new Negro fellow, who calls himſelf *Belfaſt*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

Auguſt 12. A Negro fellow who calls himſelf SAMBO, and ſays his maſter's name is Thomas; he is about five feet ſix inches high, pitted with the ſmall pox, full faced, and a long beard, is between 30 and 40 years of age; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and blue breeches, and was taken up at Mr. William Coachman's plantation, Ponpon.

Printed by Charles Crouch, in Elliott-ſtreet.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*.
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1767. No. 91. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet]

EAST-FLORIDA, ſs.

WHEREAS *by the definitive Treaty of Peace concluded at Paris, the Tenth day of February, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-three, between our moſt gracious Sovereign* George *the third*, King *of* Great-Britain, *&c. the French King, and the King of Spain, the whole country of* Florida, *was ceded to his Britannick Majeſty*; And whereas, *by the twentieth Article of the ſaid definitive Treaty of Peace, his Britannick Majeſty did, among other things, agree that the Spaniſh Inhabitants, or others, who had been Subjects of the Catholic King, might ſell their Eſtates provided it ſhould be to his Britannick Majeſty's Subjects.* NOW WE John Gordon, *of Charles-Town, in the Province of South-Carolina, Merchant, and* Jeſſe Fiſh, *of the Town of St. Auguſtine, in Eaſt-Florida, do hereby give this public Notice to all Perſons ſettling, and intending to ſettle in Florida, that we for ourſelves and others, all Subjects of his Britannick Majeſty, in the months of October and November, immediatly after the ratifying the ſaid Treaty of Peace, confiding and relying on his Majeſty's Royal Stipulation therein, and we as above mentioned, did purchaſe from ſeveral of the Subjects of the Crown of Spain, then reſiding in Florida, for a valuable Conſideration, and had in due, lawful and proper form, and by proper deeds and conveyances in Law, conveyed to us, various and extenſive Tracts of Land in the ſaid Country, and in that Diviſion thereof now called Eaſt-Florida, of which Lands the ſaid Spaniſh Subjects before and at the Time of ratifying of the ſaid Treaty, were lawfully ſeiſed and poſſeſſed according to the Laws of Spain, as of their own private Property, and the Conveyances made to us as aforeſaid, were on the firſt day of December, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty three, proved before the then Britiſh Commander in Chief of Eaſt-Florida, certified under his Hand and Seal, and duly authenticated, and a Notification and Inſtrument declaring us the ſaid* John Gordon, *and* Jeſſe Fiſh, *to be the real and lawful Purchaſers and Owners of theſe Lands, under the Hand of the Spaniſh Governor and Royal Officers of Florida, at St. Auguſtine, and the Seal of their Contaduria, were iſſued, and the ſaid Inſtruments and Conveyances, with plans of the ſeveral Tracts of Land thereunto annexed, were produced to his Excellency Governor* Grant, *on or before the ſeventeenth Day of November, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty four, and tendered at the Publick Regiſter's Office, in St. Auguſtine, there to be recorded, that no Perſon might plead Ignorance, or be miſled, in their Application for, or ſettling on Lands in Eaſt Florida.*— NEVERTHELESS, William Greening, *Eſq; Publick Regiſter, did refuſe to receive or record in his ſaid Office the ſaid Conveyances, by Order (as he ſaid) of the ſaid Governor, who has declared, that he would, on application to him in Council, grant away theſe Lands in the ſame manner as if no Purchaſe of the ſame had ever been made.* WE DO THEREFORE, *in this public Manner, claim our Right to the ſaid Lands, and enter our Caveat and Proteſt againſt the Governor of Eaſt-Florida, his granting any Part or Parcel of the ſame:* AND *we do hereby in like manner caution and forewarn all Perſons whomſoever, from ſetting down, ſettling on, or clearing any of the ſaid Lands, on any pretence whatſoever, without our Leave and Conſent, as ſuch Perſon or Perſons may depend on our aſſerting our Right, founded upon the Faith of the ſaid Treaty, and on our purſuing to the utmoſt Extent of the Law, any Treſpaſſers on the ſaid Land; at the ſame Time,* WE DO DECLARE, *for ourſelves, and other Proprietors, that we will give due Encouragement to all Perſons who ſhall apply to us to ſettle the ſaid Lands, by Virtue of, and under our Right and Title, on the moſt reaſonable Terms. And for the better Information of all whom theſe may concern, a general Plan or Survey of our Lands, may be ſeen in the Hands of either of us, in Charles-Town or St. Auguſtine.*

JOHN GORDON,
St. Auguſtine, November 4, 1766. JESSE FISH.

In the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, the 14th Day of April, 1767.

ORDERED,

THAT publick Notice be given in the Gazettes, to the Conſtables who have, or may have, any Demands againſt the Public of this Province, for conveying Malefactors to Goal; that they do deliver in, to the Public Treaſurer, at the Time they apply for the Payment of their Fees for the ſaid Service, a diſtinct and particular Account of their reſpective Demands, certified by the Magiſtrates by whom the Priſoners were committed: And alſo, that the Magiſtrates do certify the Number of computed Miles the ſaid Conſtables may reſpectively travel to Charles-Town, from the Place or Places from whence the ſaid Malefactors were taken and committed.

By Order of the Houſe,
THOMAS FARR, jun. Clerk.

A Liſt of Perſons who obtained Licences, Auguſt 3, 1767.

SARAH BUTLER, on the Bay.—Elizabeth Boyd, Trott's Point.—Eleanor Cook, Union-ſtreet.—William Crigton, Union-ſtreet.—Sarah Da Coſta, Union-ſtreet.—Barbary Epp, Meeting ſtreet.—Barbary Feldrin, King-ſtreet.—Mary Frederick, Amen Corner.—Sarah Grover, King-ſtreet.—Barbary Harlet, Broad-ſtreet.—Sarah Hugh, Amen Corner.—Joſiah Kimmel, Church ſtreet.—William Knight, Union-ſtreet.—Chriſtiana Liber, Meeting-ſtreet.—Mary Magdalen Gruber, White-Hall.—John Meek, King-ſtreet.—Anne McMillion, Unity-Alley.—Mary Rodgers, on the Bay.—Dorothy Schrady, King-ſtreet.—John Snelling, on the Bay.—Margaret Stewart, Union-ſtreet.—Mathias Sheets, Church-ſtreet.—Margaret Smith, Meeting-ſtreet.—Daniel Treſevant, Chalmers's-Alley.—Elizabeth Watſon, King-ſtreet.—Peter Wealth, Berresford's-Alley.—Mary Waſhen, up the Path.—Richard Wade, Broad-ſtreet.

STRAYED into the grounds of Mrs. Mell, at Gooſe-Creek, a bay mare about 13 hands high, a natural pacer, has a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, her off foot behind white, branded on the mounting ſhoulder with the ſtep of a hollow ſtirrup iron. The owner may prove the property before FENWICKE BULL, J. P.

IN the poſſeſſion of Daniel Heyward, Eſq; a dark bay gelding, about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder Sx, and is grey about the head.

Alſo a pied mare, about the ſame height, neither dock'd nor branded. The owners muſt prove their property before
STEPHEN DRAYTON, J. P.

FOR SALE,

ONE or more tracts of tide land for rice planting, from 350 to 800 acres in a tract, on the Carolina ſide of Savannah river, oppoſite to, and a little way from the ſaid town. The land has good dams and very good buildings, ſo that there need be no loſs of time by clearing or building, but a full crop made the firſt year; the barns are within 100 yards of the river.——If any Planter wants a very good and durable plantation, and will look at theſe lands, he will not loſe his time, as I want a good neighbour or two. Thoſe who incline to purchaſe, may apply to MILES BREWTON, Eſq; in Charles-Town, or to me at Savannah.
JOHN SMITH.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

SOME fine old rough Herefordſhire CYDER in Caſks and Bottles.——Enquire of Mr. WISE, Saddler, in King-ſtreet, near the Upper-End of Queen-ſtreet.

ALL perſons indebted to *Anthony Hiatt*, deceaſed, are for the laſt time deſired to make immediate payment; and all thoſe who have any demands, are requeſted to make them known immediately to
THOMAS HARTLEY.

St. Andrew's Pariſh, Auguſt 11, 1767.

One Hundred Pounds Reward, for apprehending

JONATHAN Mc CONNEL, an Iriſhman, of a dark or brown complexion, wears a ſhort brown wig, is about ſix feet high, and well made, having on Sunday night, the 9th inſtant, Auguſt, left the plantation belonging to the eſtate of BENJAMIN FULLER, and carried off with him THREE NEGROES, viz. WILL, JOHN, and JOE; *Will* is ſtout and well made, about 23 years of age, and very black; *John* is alſo pretty ſtout and well made, and very black, and is between 19 and 20 years old: *Joe* is about 14 or 15, and not ſo black as the other two; are all this country born, and ſpeak very good Engliſh.——It is likewiſe imagined he has carried off ſeveral other SLAVES, viz. a Negro man belonging to Mrs. Catherine Cattell, one belonging to John Ainſley, Eſq; and a fellow called CAIN. They are all armed, and will, with the ſaid Mc CONNELL, endeavour to get out of the province, or at leaſt to the back parts of it.—Mc CONNELL carried alſo with him, a ſmall bay STALLION, about 13 hands high, branded gF in one. ONE HUNDRED POUNDS reward will be given to any perſon or perſons that will apprehend the ſaid Mc CONNELL, and ſecure him in the common goal in Charles-Town, which will be paid on conviction: TWENTY POUNDS a piece for *Will* and *John*, and TEN for *Joe*; with a handſome gratuity for the horſe.
THOMAS FULLER.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in Prince William's pariſh, ſome time in May laſt, a young Negro man named JOHN, of the Guinea country; he ſpeaks bad Engliſh, has loſt one of his fore teeth; is about five feet ſix inches high, and has a large navel.——Whoever will deliver him to me, or to the Warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS, from ISAAC Mc PHERSON.

ALL perſons indebted to *Henry Fulcker*, of Charles-Town, vintner, are hereby deſired to pay off their accounts by the laſt of November next, to him, and to no other perſon: Thoſe who neglect payment by the time above limited, will be obliged to ſettle with an attorney at law: And thoſe who have any juſt demands againſt him, are deſired to call for their money.——He at the ſame time cautions all perſons againſt crediting any perſon on his account without a written order from under his hand, as he will not pay any debt ſo contracted from the date hereof.
Auguſt 11, 1767. HENRY FULCKER.

ALL perſons indebted to PHILIP GRUBER, deceaſed, are deſired to pay the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands, to bring them in, properly atteſted, to
MARY MAGDALEN GRUBER, Adminiſtratrix.

LEFT at the TEN-MILE-HOUSE, ſome time ago, by a perſon to me unknown, a grey horſe, about 13 hands and a half high, and branded on the mounting ſhoulder M S. The owner is deſired to call and take him away in fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his charges, &c.
Auguſt 11, 1767. JOHN EDWARDS.

THOMAS ADDISON, informs me of a cheſnut coloured mare having ſtrayed into his paſture at Gooſe-Creek, about twelve hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock with a *heart*, a ſtroke acroſs.

Alſo a two year old colt, near the ſame colour, is neither marked or branded. The owners muſt prove their property before JOHN TROUP, J. P.

TO BE SOLD,

Upon the Market Wharf, on Tueſday the firſt Day of September, 1767, at four o'Clock in the Afternoon;

ABOUT Sixteen Thouſand Feet of choice MAHOGANY, in three Lots, by
EDWARD OATS, Vendue-Maſter.

St. Thomas's Pariſh, Auguſt 10, 1767.

PRODUCED to me by James Marion, in St. Thomas's pariſh, one bay horſe with a ſtar in his forehead, five years old, and about 13 hands high.

A cheſnut horſe, with a ſorrel ſnip, three years old, and about 12 hands high.

A black mare, five years old, and 12 hands high, with a mare yearling, and a horſe colt.

Two brown bay mares, four years old, 12 hands and a half high; the above ſtrays is neither branded or docked.

Whoever owns them muſt apply in ſix months, as the law directs, to BENJAMIN MARION, J. P.

TO BE SOLD,

A Pinchbeck Watch that will be warranted to go well.——Enquire of the Printer.

BENJAMIN WEATHERLY, tolls two horſes in the paſture of Francis Yonge, Eſq; at Toogodo. One a bay, about 13 hands high, a natural pacer, eight years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder W R

he has a ſmall white feather in his forehead.

The other a cheſnut, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder B W, about nine years old, and has a long white ſtroke acroſs his throat. The owners of the above ſtrays muſt prove their property before
ROBERT WILLIAMS, J. P.

A Brown and white pied Ox, branded T, marked in one Ear with a Swallow-Fork, and in the other with a Hole and Slit, and appears to be about ſix Years old. The Owner of the above Ox, muſt apply to
EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

A Black Gelding, about 13 Hands and an half high, branded on the mounting Shoulder B S, with a Llower de Luce between. The Owner of the ſaid Gelding, muſt prove his Property before
Auguſt 14, 1767. EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

JAMES Mc CALL,

Has juſt imported in the Ship LLOYD, Capt. POCOCK, from BRISTOL;

STRIPED duffils, blue and green plains, ſtiped and croſs-barred flannels; 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 10d, and 20d nails, ſcupper ditto, iron pots, bird and ſwan ſhot, bullets, ſhort pipes, linſeed oil, white lead, Spaniſh brown and yellow oaker ground in oil, lampblack, dry red lead and powder oaker; 8 by 10, and 10 by 12 window-glaſs, crates of ſheet ditto, CHOICE DOUBLE GLOSTER CHEESE, Iriſh beef, bottled beer, cyder, ale, and perry, loaf ſugar, almonds in and out the ſhell, ſplit peaſe in jugs, and vinegar in ditto; handſome ſaddles, bridles, and whips; men's buck gloves; women's white unglazed and kid gloves and mitts, with flowered backs; women and girls leather and black callimanco ſhoes and pumps, men and boys ſhoes and pumps, coarſe ſhoes for Negroes, a great choice of childrens black leather and Morocco ſhoes and pumps, large red hearth tiles; red unglazed China tea and coffee-pots; brown bowls, compleat ſets of pencil work; tea China, glaſs ſalvers; jelly, ſyllabub and wine glaſſes; quart, three quart, and gallon decanters; tumblers, patty pans, ſalts, and candleſticks, &c. &c.——And in the laſt veſſels from Philadelphia, ſuperfine and common flour in barrels, kegs of water bread, and Haines's beſt double beer in whole and half barrels; all which will be ſold reaſonably, by the ſaid *McCall*, at Meſſrs. LLOYD and NEYLE's ſtore in Broad ſtreet, facing Mr. Timothy's printing-office.

SAMUEL GROVE,

Has juſt imported in the LIVE OAK, Capt. LUNDBERRY, from BRISTOL, and the ROSE-ISLAND, from LONDON;

A General and compleat aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, amongſt which are white, blue, and green plains; ſtriped duffils; 8-4th, 9-4th, and 10-4th bed blankets; ſtriped flannels, emboſſed ſerge, men and women's worſted hoſe, callimancoes, camblets, ſets of cart-wheel boxes, beſt pitching axes, ſein and ſail twine, nails of different ſorts, an aſſortment of earthen ware, beſt Taunton ale, cyder, linſeed oil in jugs, and iron pots from one to twenty-five gallons, which he will ſell on the moſt reaſonable terms, at his ſtore in Beaufort, kept by Mr. PETER LAVEIN.

WEBB & DOUGHTY,

HAVE imported from Briſtol, white, blue, and green plains, of an extraordinary quality; ſtriped kendals for Negroes wear, nails of all ſorts, paints, &c. &c. which they will diſpoſe of reaſonably, at their ſtore near the Watch-houſe. 6 w.

LATELY IMPORTED,

A large, valuable, and general Aſſortment

Of well-bought Iriſh Linens,

IN QUANTITY,

Upwards of Three Hundred and Fifty Pieces!

OF the beſt quality and fabrick, being all bought of the manufactures when brown, and carefully attended to while bleaching; a large quantity of Yorkſhire flat linens, fit for ſheeting; low priced garlix, exceeding good dowlas, Iriſh oznabrugs, brown and white hinderlands, brown ſileſias or hollands, ſome bundles of hempen and flaxen Ruſſia linens, and a few pieces of rolls, with a great variety of printed linens and cottons; long and clear lawns, muſlins, lawn handkerchiefs; men and womens cotton, thread, and ſilk hoſe; ditto neateſt ſhoes and pumps, green ſilk umbrelloes, breeches pieces, men's fine hats at £. 5 each; a large number of good ſtuff ſhoes, at 30s. a pair; about 1200 yards of purple linen and purple copper-plates, of an exceeding good quality and neat patterns, from 10s. to 18s. 9d. the yard, with many other articles, which will be ſold ten per cent. under the common advance, with the advantage of five per cent. being allowed in the purchaſe of them for prompt payment, and no charge of commiſſions, being bought of the manufacturers with caſh, and to be ſold at a new brick ſtore in Beadon's-alley, by
JOHN DAVIES.

The advantages in the choice of the above goods, with the ſtill greater allowance that will be made in taking a quantity, afford good and reaſonable terms for thoſe to ſupply themſelves who purchaſe with caſh to ſell again.

N. B. A very great variety of new ARTICLES, juſt arrived in Captain GORDON.

A large ASSORTMENT of well choſen

RIBBONS and GAUSES,

JUST arrived in the LLOYD, Capt. POCOCK, from BRISTOL, and to be ſold for the Coſt and Charges, by JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

Juſt arrived in the LIVE-OAK,

A Large Quantity of white and coloured Negro Cloth, at different Prices; which with a general Aſſortment of other Goods, ſuitable to the Seaſon, will be ſold as low as poſſible, by CORRIE & CARSANS.

BRUNSWICK, (North-Carolina) May 18, 1767.

WHEREAS one JAMES DEADMAN, born at or near Andover, in the County of Bucks, in England, by Trade a Taylor, came over to America, a Soldier, about the Year 1745; was wounded in a Fray between him and his Officer at Cape-Fear, in this Province, whereby he was disabled in one of his Arms, which was afterwards cured by Doctor JAMES FERGUS, and he again followed the Trade of a Taylor. He is supposed at this Time to be about the Age of Forty.——If the above-mentioned James Deadman is living, he is hereby desired to come or send immediate Notice thereof to JOSEPH GOLDWIN, at his Store in Brunswick, (Cape-Fear) who will inform him of something greatly to his Advantage.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVEN or eight fine young healthy Slaves, being the choice of near 300 about two years and an half ago; the owner has planted three crops, but did not make enough to pay for their cloaths, which is the reason of his disposing of them. A third of the money will be wanted next January, and credit for a year or two will be given for the remainder.—The slaves will be delivered in October. None need apply but those who wants the whole. For further particulars, enquire of JOSHUA LOCKWOOD.

SCOTT's FERRY,

IS now in my possession, which shall for the future be faithfully attended with good boats and hands, and the greatest dispatch possible given to all ladies and gentlemen that chuse to pass that way. One boat will be continually in town for the reception of passengers, for which enquire at TUKE's tavern.——Also at Mr. FULLER's, opposite to the same ferry, a large commodious boat for the reception of carriages and horses, which will meet with speedy conveyance.

WILLIAM PRESTON.

N. B. At the above ferry will be kept good entertainment, with good pasturage for horses.——Also this is to desire all persons indebted to *Henry Irby*, late of the above ferry, to make speedy payment to me, as he has assigned over all his books, bonds, &c. for that purpose.

THIS is to give Notice, that JOSEPH TURPIN, has opened a LIVERY STABLE, to take Care of which, he has employed WILLIAM SWINDLE, an experienced English Groom, who was lately in the employ of Robert Jones, of North-Carolina, and is equal to the Task in every respect; therefore will be much obliged to those Gentlemen who will intrust the Care of their Horses to him; as they may depend they will be used in the best Manner, and fed with good Provinder.——Price One Hundred and Twenty Pounds a Year, and to be paid Quarterly, to their humble Servant,

JOSEPH TURPIN.

GUERIN & WILLIAMSON,

HAVING sold their remaining stock of goods to Messrs. GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co. as they have now declined the business, will be much obliged to those indebted to them to discharge or otherwise settle their accounts as soon as possible, the former intending to leave the province in a few months. 6 w.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber in March last, a Negro fellow named TOM; and in June, a young fellow named LYMUS, of a yellow complexion, and took with him his brother NED, a *black* boy about 14 years old; all country born, and belonged to MILLER ST. JOHN, deceased; supposed to be harboured in Charles-Town, or at Mr. Lance's plantations at John's Island, or Goose-Creek.——Whoever will deliver them to me at Ponpon, or the Warden of the Work-house, shall receive TWENTY POUNDS a piece for Tom and Lymus, and TEN POUNDS for the boy. All masters of vessels and others, are forbid to hire, harbour, or carry off these Negroes at their peril. ELIZABETH BEATTY.

TO BE SOLD,

A Lot of LAND, joining Mr. William Hall's in Meeting-street, containing 40 Feet in Front, and 110 in Depth. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may treat with WILLIAM WAYNE, at the Corner of Tradd-street in Church-street.

THE Commissioners of Pilotage for the Bar and Harbour of Charles-Town, give NOTICE, That they shall want some Person or Persons to take up the three floating Beacons that are now on the Lower Middle, the North and South Breaker Heads, on the first Days of January, May, and August, annually; and while they shall be repairing, in their Places fix Hogsheads with Grapnals: The Beacons and Anchors so taken up to be immediately brought upon a Wharf at Charles-Town, there to be repaired and payed with hot Tar, Train Oil, and Spanish Brown, the Buoy Ropes to be properly parcelled and served each Time; and to be laid down in their proper Places again within four Days, Wind and Weather permitting.

Those inclined to undertake the above, may send their Proposals in Writing immediately to FENWICKE BULL, upon the Bay.

AND WHEREAS divers malicious and evil-disposed Persons have from Time to Time, and do continue wilfully to damage the said floating Beacons, by tearing away the Baskets from them, cutting the Ropes, &c. &c. And further, that sundry Fishermen make a Practice of fastning their Boats to the said Beacons, whereby they are also frequently much damaged: The Commissioners do therefore and hereby give Notice, that whoever shall be found offending from this Time in like Manner, or in any Way to the Damage of the said Beacons, that they shall be prosecuted with the utmost Severity; and any Person giving Information of such evil Practices to FENWICKE BULL, shall be handsomely rewarded, and their Names kept a Secret if desired.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL undertake to supply any Quantity of the best Pine and Cypress Timber, Boards, Shingles and Laths.——AND ALSO, cut Frames for Houses, agreeable to any Bill of Scantling; which he will deliver in Charles-Town, or up any of the Rivers, at very reasonable Prices.

He has a very handy and sensible House-wench to hire by the Year or Quarter: And also a likely young and sensible Wench, to dispose of, who can be well recommended, and is sold for no Fault, having no Employment for her.

WILLIAM LOGAN.

At WEYMAN's

Looking-Glass Shop in Church-Street,
[To which he is removed]
Near Colonel BENJAMIN SMITH's,

IS PERFORMED,

LOOKING-GLASS grinding, polishing, Diamond-cuting, silvering and framing: Also the CABINET and CHAIR-WORK business; in which different Branches, he will be much obliged to those who please to favour him with their Commands.

THE HOUSE in Friend-street, now possessed by Mr. Creighton, and the Tenement adjoining Mr. Hutchinson's, in the same Street, both belonging to Mr. Samuel Brailsford, are to be sold: Whoever may incline to purchase, will be informed of the Terms, by applying to his Attorney. JOHN CHAPMAN.

GREENLAND & JORDAN,

Have just imported in the Sloop Betsey, *Capt.* Lee, *from* PHILADELPHIA;

SUPERFINE flour in barrels; water, milk, and butter biscuit in kegs; best Bristol bottled beer, Philadelphia ditto in whole and half barrels, bar iron, and a few boxes of soap; which they will sell cheap for cash or short credit, at their store on Price's wharf.

A parcel of very fine MAHOGANY,

JUST *arrived from the* BAY *of* HONDURAS, *in the Brigantine* Roach, *Captain* MORGAN; *landed on Mr.* BURN's *new Wharf, and to be sold by*

JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, the 24th of June last, a Negro wench Called CHLOE,

That was purchased at the sale of Cholmondelly Dering, Esq; she is a short thick wench, and now calls herself FLORA, and has been seen in town, where it is supposed she is harboured.——Any person that will deliver her to the Warden of the Work-house, or to the subscriber in Christ-church parish, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, and all reasonable charges; and whoever will give information of her being harboured, if by a white person, shall receive FIFTY POUNDS, or if by a Negro TEN POUNDS, on conviction of the offender.

August 6, 1767. LEVI DURAND.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

ABSENTED himself from my Plantation at the Horse-Shoe, about the Month of March 1767, a Dutch Servant Man, named GEORGE HANER, brought into this Province in January 1766, a Cooper by Trade: He is a young Fellow, of a short Stature, speaks very little English, and was seduced away by a Dutch Lad of the same Importation, named JOHN REGALE, Servant to Mrs. ELLIS, and employed in going in her Pettyauger, between Charles-Town and Ashepoo, and who has lost the Fore-Finger of his Right Hand. These two Servants, with a Dutch Woman, went away from my said Plantation together, and it is apprehended are gone towards Georgia, being seen on their Way at the River May, and may either take up their abode in that Province, or proceed to East-Florida. ONE HUNDRED POUNDS Reward will be given for apprehending the said GEORGE HANER, and delivering him to me in Charles-Town: But if he will voluntarily return to his Duty forthwith, his Offence shall be freely forgiven, and no Advantage taken thereof, by

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Will exchange the following GOODS at the neat sterling cost, for such others as they have occasion for, at the same rate, viz.

BLUE linens, Scotch plads, girth-web, cloth-coloured baladine sewing silk, scarlet gartering, platilloes, tandem or nun's holland, figured lawns, black silk and cotton gauze, white ditto, blue thread pavillion ditto, muslin, long lawns; shop, sein, and sail twine, powder flasks, leather shot pouches, coffin furniture and lacing, narrow hoes, Parnel's hermits, Pomfret's poems, Independent Whig, plain and gilt Scotch bibles, gilt Morocco leather prayer books, large bell lamps for halls and stair-cases, cut glass candlesticks, ditto quart decanters, pictures of many kinds; broad cloths chiefly coarse, coloured ribbons; black, white and crimson Manchester velvets; black, white and coloured double and single alopeens, tabarets and harabines; crow and coloured poplins, white and coloured shalloons, tammies and durants, saddles, copper coffee-pots and tea-kettles, camp chafing dishes, parrot cages, japanned plate warmers, large HL hinges, ditto HL ditto with raising joints, one large scale beam and chains, stock locks, wool cards, carpenter's plains, bleached threads, fine brown ditto, pewter candle molds, ditto measures, ditto quart porter mugs silver fashion, feathers in bags of 50 and 100 lb. each, German oznabrugs, Scotch ditto, blue strouds, one steel grate and fender, large ox cart boxes, fowling pieces, sorted rubbers, engineer bitts, pump bitts and spears, painted floor cloths, ditto canvas by the yard, men's shoe and channel boots, large sad irons, &c.

TO BE LET,

And entered on the first day of September;

THE House wherein Mrs. Elizabeth Hacket now lives, being very convenient for Lodging, having twelve good Rooms therein. For Particulars, enquire of THOMAS GRIMBALL, jun.

BRAUND and KALTEISEN,

DESIRE all those indebted to them, for WOOD and CARTING, since the first of January 1766, to call and settle their accounts as soon as possible, to prevent themselves trouble, and laying us under the disagreeable necessity of putting their accounts into the hands of an attorney or magistrate.

A Parcel of good Parchment Skins, to be sold by Charles Crouch.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber in Charles-Town, out of Mr. Benjamin Hawes's yard, on Saturday the 6th instant, a bright bay gelding, about 13 hands and a half high, branded on the mounting shoulder something like IBS in one, long main, and long dock'd, and is a natural pacer. Whoever will deliver the said horse to Mr. *James Cordes*, sen. in St. John's parish, or to Mr. *Benjamin Hawes*, in Charles-Town, shall receive *Five Pounds* reward, from ROBERT LITTLE.

St. John's, June 20, 1767. 6w.

JOHN MARLEY, JOHN BRAUND,
AND
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,

Having entered into partnership, in the CARTING, WOOD-SELLING, and BOATING business, under the firm of

JOHN BRAUND, & Co.

TAKES this method to acquaint their friends and customers, that they may be supplied with fire-wood by the cord or boat-load, as cheap as at any wharf in town. They have likewise a parcel of good White-Haven coals, to dispose of very cheap, as they intend dealing for ready money only.——They further inform their friends in the country, that they are willing to sell wood and lumber of all sorts, on commission as usual; but will not be accountable for any wood or lumber stole off the wharf.

JOHN MARLEY,
JOHN BRAUND,
MICHAEL KALTEISEN.

N. B. Shipping may be supplied with fire-wood, and wood ready sawed and split for dunnage; and the best water in town.

DOLLARS, at Thirty-two Shillings,
TAKEN IN PAYMENT
For fine old high proof RUMS, from *Jamaica, Barbados*, and the *Northward*, NOW SELLING OFF, Wholesale and Retail, extremely cheap,

By WILLIAM HULME,

At the South-Corner of Elliott-street, facing the Fish-Market, on the BAY;

WHERE may be had MADEIRA, VIDONIA and LISBON WINES, BRANDY and GIN, excellent in their Kinds; CHOCOLATE, TOBACCO, and SNUFF; COFFEE fresh roasted every Day.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, about six months ago, a Negro fellow Named BOSON, who is supposed to be gone to Santee: He is a likely fellow, about 26 years of age, and near 5 feet 11 inches high; had a spur on when he went away, and is of the Grain coast country. Whoever takes up the said fellow, and dilivers him to me, shall have *Twenty Pounds* reward; and any person giving information of his being harboured by a white person, will, on conviction of the offender, receive *Twenty Pounds*, or if by a Negro *Five Pounds*, from *St. Thomas's, Feb.* 26, 1767. FRANCIS ROCHE.

To be sold separate or together,

TWO valuable plantations or tracts of land, in a very healthy and pleasant situation, on *Wadmelaw* river, and parish of *St. Paul*, very conveniently situated for tending the Charles-Town markets; the one containing 1480 acres, greatly improved, and on which forty field slaves may be employed to advantage in the culture of rice, hemp, indico, or provisions: The other tract contains 1190 acres, adjoining the above, has some good rice land, and a large quantity of good corn land: Either of the above tracts will suit to be divided, so as to make, in the whole, four pretty and profitable country seats for such gentlemen as choose to reside upon the salts, or wants a place conveniently situated for tending the market: The whole will be sold at a moderate price, and one or two years credit allowed, (if the purchaser desires it) upon having good security, and interest from the first of January, 1768, when the purchaser might take possession, or sooner if desired.——Also 636 acres of very fine corn and rice land, pleasantly situated on said river, and but a small distance from the other two tracts, and will be sold on the said terms. Apply to FRANCIS YONGE.

Who has for sale, a fine SCHOONER, burthen one hundred and ten barrels; well built, and made of the best timber, is compleatly rigged, not yet three years old, and draws five feet water. tbc.

RUN-away from the subscriber, about the beginning of May last, two Negro fellows, named EXETER, and TOPSAM: *Exeter* is about six feet high, pretty well made, of a yellow complexion, about thirty years of age; had on when he went away, a large iron on his left leg: *Topsam* is a stout well made fellow, about 28 years of age, and about five feet five inches high; had on when he went away, an iron on each leg, with three or four links of chain between, and carries on his back the marks of an old offender; he has frequently run away, and gone over to the plantation of one *Whitesides* at *Hobcaw*, where (it is supposed) he has been harboured for thirteen months at a time, and it is probable he may have now made over there again, (and carried *Exeter* with him) as he has a father there named *Bristol*, who did belong to the said *Whitesides*, and formerly to the estate of *William Allen*, to which estate the said *Topsam* did formerly belong. Any person taking up said fellows, and delivering them to the Warden of the Work-house, or to the subscriber, shall receive a reward of FIVE POUNDS for each. And any person giving information of their being harboured, if by a white person, shall receive a reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid on conviction of the offender.

August 3, 1767. JOHN CATTELL, son of Peter.

SUPERFINE gilt and plain QUARTER POST PAPER for LETTERS, and also common WRITING PAPER, to be sold by CHARLES CROUCH, at his PRINTING-OFFICE in ELLIOTT-STREET.